

Ministry of Public Works and Transport

STRATEGIC AND ACTION PLAN FOR LOW-CARBON AND LOW-POLLUTION IN TRANSPORT SECTOR IN CAMBODIA

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Seminar on Action Plans in Low-carbon Phnom Penh, Cambodia, 22 April 2013



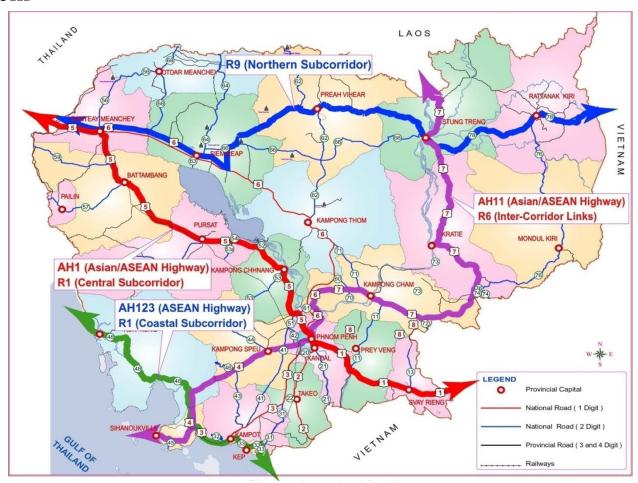
STRUCTURE OF PRESENTATION

- 1. Public infrastructure status
- 2.Development of transport infrastructure
- 3. Current status of Transport
- 4. Issues and necessary actions for transport sector
- 5. Vision, Goals and Objectives
- 6. Strategic for GHG Mitigation in Transport Sector

1. Public infrastructure status



Road System

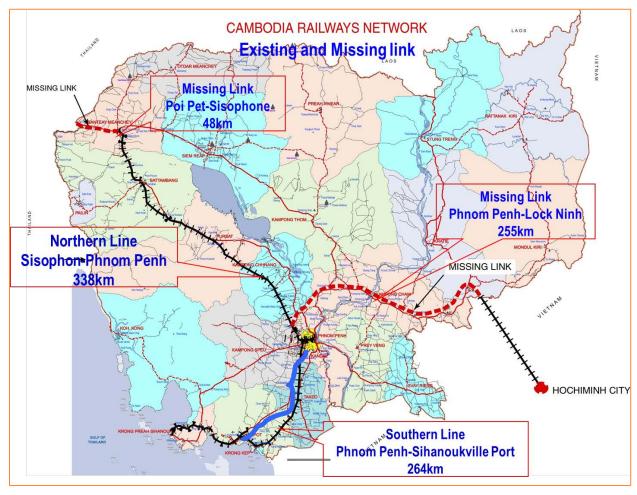


ASEAN Highway and National Road Network in Cambodia

1.Public infrastructure status



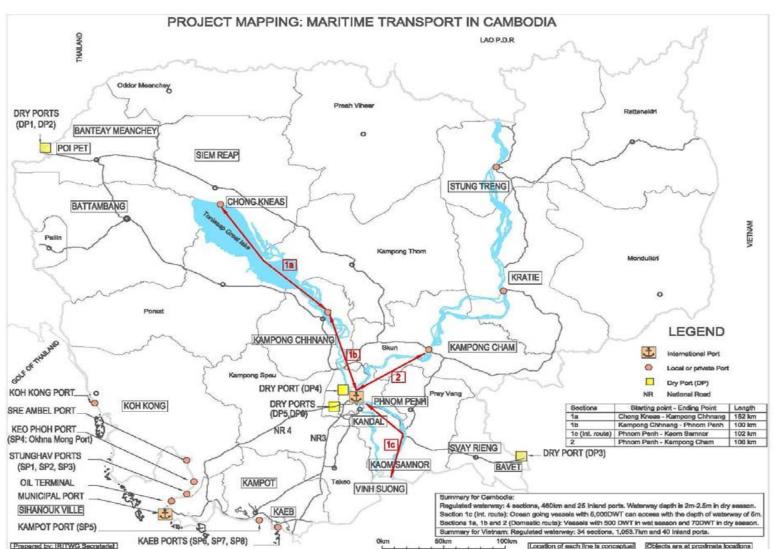
Railway system



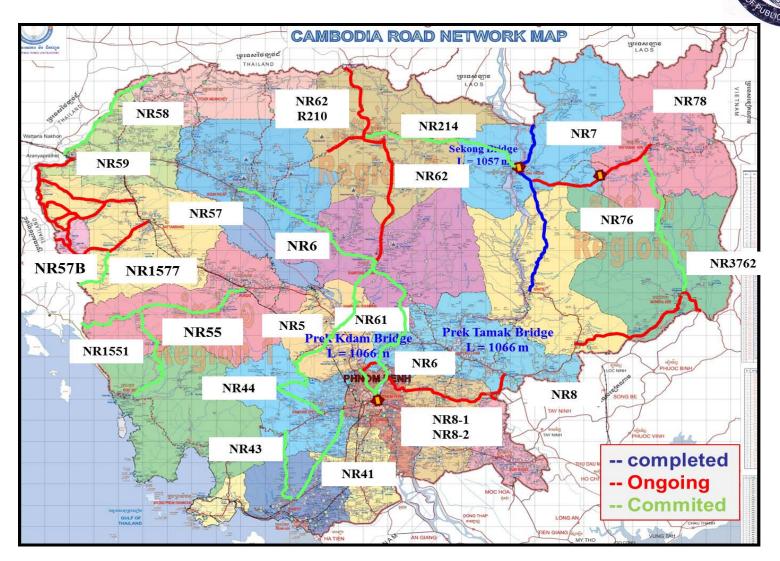
1. Public infrastructure status



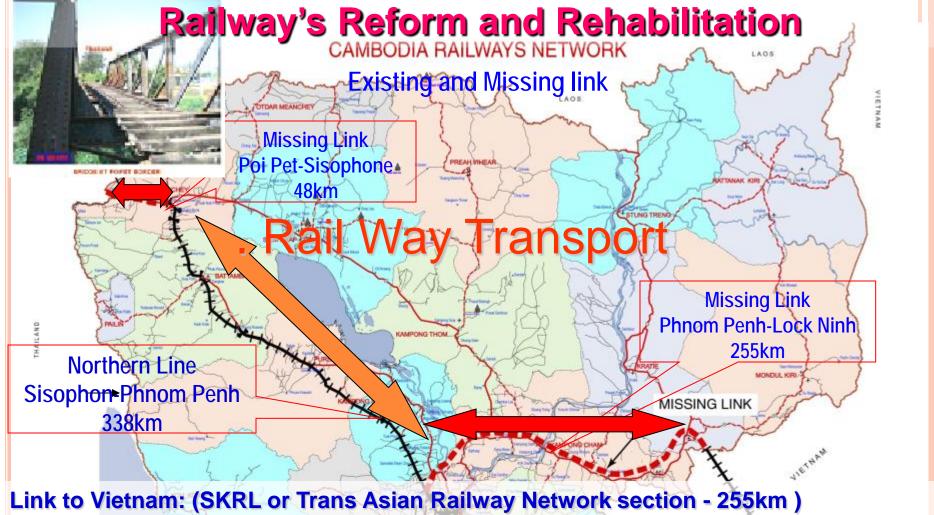
Maritime and waterway system



2.DEVELOPMENT OF TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCT



Road project map



Link to Vietnam: (SKRL or Trans Asian Railway Network section - 255km) from Penh to Loc Ninh).

PRC is provided TA for conducting Engineering Design FS and will complete in 2010. Financing support is needed from DP to construct the link;





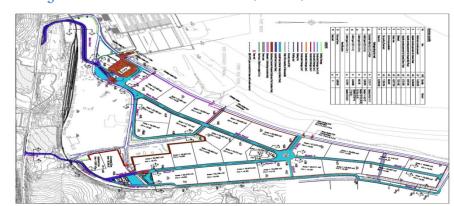
The Development Plan of PAS for 05Year-Period (2009-2014)

are:

- SEZ Development Project (2009-2011)
- Multipurpose Terminal Project (2009-2014)
- Transfer the Old Jetty to be a Passenger Terminal (2010-2012)
- SEZ Development Project Phase III (2011-2015)
- Reinforcement of Port Security and Safety in Maritime System (2010-2012)
- Study Next Development Plan of New Container Terminal with -14m draft (2010-2011).

Sihanoukvill SEZ

- -With 70ha
- -Development Project (2009-2011)
- Project Cost = US\$ 35,000,000



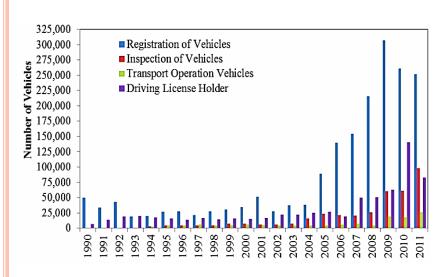
Multipurpose terminal Development

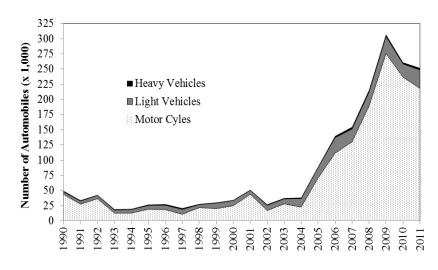
- -Construction Period = 2011-2014
- -Operation = May 2014
- Project Cost:US\$ 87,882,000





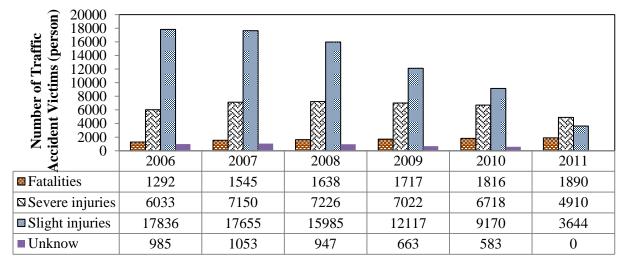
3. Current status of Transport





Number of vehicles

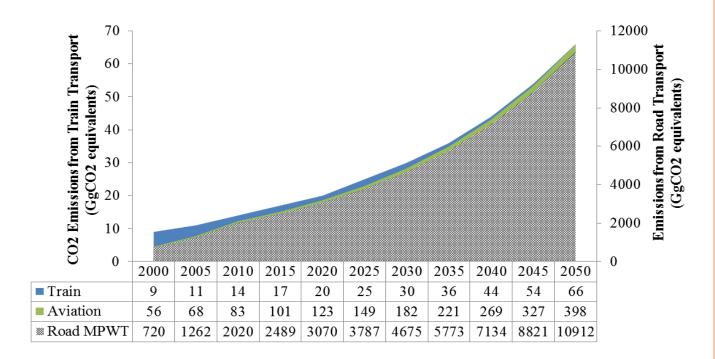
Number of registered automobiles

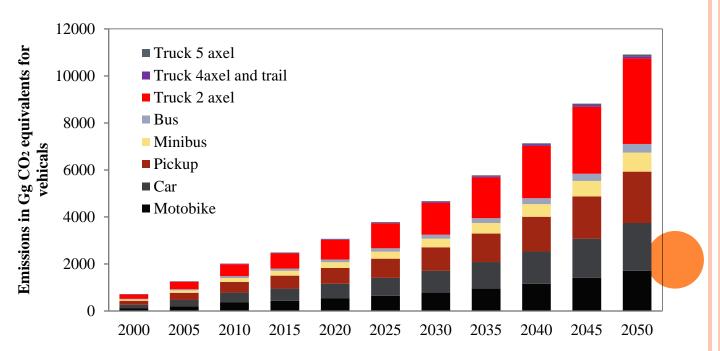


Number of traffic accident victims in Cambodia in 2006-2011



GHG emissions from transport sector (GgCO2 equivalents) (MoE, 2010)





4. Issues and necessary actions for transport sector

I.Road transport

Major Issues	Necessary Action Plans
-Improper inspection and maintenance	-Establishment and Improvement of vehicle inspection
-Inefficient vehicle driving	maintenance system implement Euro4 by 2016
-High fuel consumption	-Regulation of secondhand vehicle
-Increasing the number of vehicles	-Conduct the assessment of number and types of vehicle,
-Using high emission vehicles	fuel quality and quantity
-Traffic congestion	-Promotion of Eco-driving
	-Develop and implement plans to introduce incentives
	for people to reduce car and motor use instead of other
	public transport system such as buses or trains.
-Increasing of the number of old/secondhand	-Provide training on the impact of GHG emissions from
vehicles	transport sectors
	-Regulation on secondhand vehicle
	-Enhance capacity of vehicle inspection & maintenance
-Inconvenience for pedestrians	-Improve urban road management and infrastructure

2.Rail transport

2.Nan transport	
Major Issues	Necessary Action Plans
-Rail line damaged heavily due to the civil war.	-Expansion of railway network connected from city to
-No operation currently	province
	*Rehabilitation of north line (P.P-Poipet: 385km)
	*Rehabilitation of south line (P.P-Sihanoukville: 266km)
	-Restore the missing lines
- Traffic congestion due to the increasing of	-Promotion of Subway/Tramway within the city
automotive vehicles number, particularly the car	-City Transport Master Plan
vehicles.	-Develop and implement plans for mass transit public
	transport system in Phnom Penh
-Freight movement is mainly by trucks	-Encourage private company to move freight by train
	-Strengthen the activities in railway transport sector
	and also the department of Railway
	-Improvement the human resource in related field

4.Issues and necessary actions for transport sector

3. Maritime transport

Major Issues	Necessary Action Plans
-lack of environmental protection	-Introduction of emission standards
	-Promotion of fuel switch
	-Regulation of second-hand ferry/vessel
-Poor port infrastructure	-Improvement of cargo handling system at port
	-Promotion of Onshore Power Supply
	-Improvement of port facilities
-Lack of date/information collection	-Development of local data in estimating emissions

4.Air transport

Major Issues	Necessary Action Plans
-Poor air transport operation and environmental	-Promote Eco-Airport include some general activities, for
control	instance, save energy by turning off the light, waste
	collection and so on.
	-Improve the air traffic control system
	-Expand the construction of airport infrastructure
-Lack of environmental monitoring	-Introduce the air quality monitoring at airport
	-Introduce the noise reduction technologies

5. Vision, Goals and Objectives

Vision for Low-carbon and Low-pollution Transport Systems

The amount of the emissions from transport sector will be reduced significantly to environment.

Goals and Objectives

- To develop efficient, comfortable and safety transport system
- To introduce modern public transport system
- To enhance inspection and maintenance of vehicles
- To reduce traffic congestion
- To enhance traffic management
- To enhance the quality of fuel

6. Strategic for GHG Mitigation in Transport Sector

STRATEGY 1: To raise the public awareness about climate change caused by the emissions of greenhouse gases from transport sector.

Goal: To enhance the public awareness about the impact of the emissions of GHG from transport sector on climate in order to participate.

Proposed Action:

- Provide training related to the impact of the emissions of greenhouse gases from transport sector;
- Integrate GHG mitigation components in all transport development projects;
- Introduce GHG mitigation in transport sector into education program;
- Enhance the understanding of the importance of vehicle inspection.

STRATEGY 2: To Enhance inspection and maintenance of vehicles

Goal: To reduce the air pollutants and the emissions of GHG from vehicles

- Interrupt people producing modifying heavy vehicles which are not conformed to technical standards in the way of adopting legislation
- Improve the existed I/M rules and regulations to undertake public awareness raising
- Use video cameras to capture smoky vehicles on tapes and broadcasting
- Increase taxes and import duties of old and second hand motorcycles

STRATEGY 3: Promote Public Transport in Major Cities

Goal: To reduce the use of cars and motorcycles to minimize fuel consumption

Proposed Action:

- ➤ Establish a Land-Use and Public Transport Planning Committee (LPTPC) to coordinate urban development and public transport
- ➤ Develop and implement plans for a mass transit public transport system in Phnom Penh
- ➤ Develop and implement plans to introduce incentives for people to reduce car use and use the public transport system once established.

STRATEGY 4: Mitigation and low carbon development

Goal: To reduce the emissions from transport sector and promote green program in Cambodia

- ➤ Promote the greenbelt program with tree planting along national and provincial roads and urban roads;
- ➤ Build the capacity of the government, civil society and the private sector on carbon financing to access various global climate funds;
- ➤ Mainstream assessing the carbon footprint of transport operations

STRATEGY 5: Capital-Intensive Urban Transport Infrastructure Development and Planning

Goal: To reduce travelling distance, fuel consumption and traffic congestion

Proposed Action:

- ➤ Develop capital-intensive underground and above ground mass transit and rapid rail systems;
- > Encourage the use of bicycles and tricycles
- ➤ Improve walking and cycling facilities in the city such as side-walks and bike paths;
- > Develop of a master plan for city transport

STRATEGY 6: Efficient and Proven Transport Technology

Goal: To reduce the consumption of fuel by introducing advanced transport technologies

- ➤ Incorporating fuel-saving feature in new vehicles;
- > Shifting the mix of new vehicles toward more efficient model;
- Model shifts to more efficient non-capital intensive mass transit options;
- ➤ Introduce technological leapfrogging to emerging sustainable transportation technology such as electric-driven bicycles, tricycles, buses, delivery vans, trucks, electric vehicles and locomotives.

STRATEGY 7: Improve Petroleum-Based Fuel

Goal: To reduce the fuel consumption and GHG emissions through promoting alternative and renewable energy

Proposed Action:

- ➤ Promote low-sulfur gasoline to reduce sulfur oxide emission from vehicles;
- ➤ Promote Fischer-Propsch diesel fuel produced from natural gas using a catalytic process which has the potential to lower emissions while achieving good performance;
- > Improve fuel inspection regulation and fuel quality standard
- ➤ Enhance technical skills and facilities in fuel inspection

STRATEGY 8: Shift long distance freight movement from truck to train

Goal: To reduce the fuel consumption and traffic congestion by shifting long distance freight movement from truck to train.

- > Reconstruct the railway in Cambodia and restore the missing lines
- ➤ Improve an efficient and cost effective railway system
- ➤ Reform the railway system and reconstruct the institutional characters of the railway;
- ➤ Encourage private company to move their freight by train;
- > Strengthen the capacity of government's staff in Department of Railway

STRATEGY 9: Enhanced Traffic Management

Goal: To improve efficiency traffic circulation systems for all road users in urban and community areas to reduce traffic congestion and fuel consumption

Proposed Action:

- ➤ Develop measure such as zone access restrictions or area licensing schemes; parking control; and segregated vehicle lanes;
- > Improve urban road infrastructure and transport management;
- ➤ Private participation in public transport services and infrastructure;
- > Traffic law enforcement and amendment
- > Develop and improve logistic systems for freight movement

STRATEGY 10: Promotion of efficient driving

Goal: To promote efficient driving in order to reduce the fuel consumption and GHG emissions

- ➤ Raise the awareness on smoothly accelerate,
- > Try to look ahead to reduce braking too often,
- > Put sufficient air into the tires and turning of the engine off one idle,
- > Turn engine off at traffic light (especially motorbikes) and
- ➤ Purchase light colored vehicles because they need less air conditioning.

Thank You for Your Attention